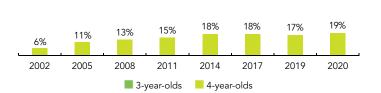
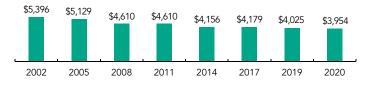


# PERCENT OF STATE POPULATION ENROLLED

# STATE SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED (2020 DOLLARS)





#### **OVERVIEW**

Virginia preschool enrolled 19,159 children in 2019-2020, an increase of 1,502 children from the prior year. State funding totaled \$75,748,685, up \$4,679,170 (7%), adjusted for inflation, since last year. State spending per child equaled \$3,954 in 2019-2020, down \$71 from 2018-2019, adjusted for inflation. Virginia met 6 of 10 quality standards benchmarks.

#### WHAT'S NEW

Virginia was one of 23 states awarded a three-year PDG B–5 renewal grant for \$11,178,750 designed to implement the strategic plan developed with the 2018 PDG B–5 planning grant. While timelines for grant activities may have been extended, there were no significant changes to the state's plan for PDG B–5 funding in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

On March 13, 2020 state-funded preschool programs physically closed in public schools due to the COVID-19 pandemic, first for two weeks, then for the remainder of the year. The state did not require programs to provide remote instruction when buildings were physically closed; this was determined locally. There was a mix of in-person and remote instruction when the 2020-2021 school year began.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The Virginia Preschool Initiative (VPI) began in 1995 to serve at-risk 4-year-olds not enrolled in existing preschool programs. During the 2019-2020 school year, VPI programs operated in 96% of eligible school divisions. Programs are required to operate for a minimum of three hours per day, though 97% of children attend full-day programs throughout the school year. VPI is funded by state lottery revenues as well as a required local match. Funding for VPI is available to school divisions where there are at-risk 4-year-olds who are not served by Head Start.

Virginia's federal PDG program, VPI+, expanded services to 4-year-olds in high needs communities through the 2018-2019 school year. After the grant ended, the General Assembly provided \$6,139,559 to sustain PDG funded slots during the 2019-2020 school year.

VPI eligibility has always been based on risk factors including, but not limited to: family income at or below 200% FPL, family income at or below 350% FPL for students with special needs or disabilities, homelessness, or parent(s) with limited education. A total of 15% of slots can be filled using locally determined eligibility criteria unless a locality applies and is approved for a waiver to fill more than 15% of slots using local at-risk criteria.

In recent years, the Virginia General Assembly has made several investments in supporting improved school readiness through state-supported preschool. Several investments were made in 2018-2019 aimed at understanding and supporting quality teacher-child interactions and effective research-based curriculum implementation across every VPI classroom. Through this investment, all VPI teachers have received feedback and targeted professional development based on CLASS observations. This was supported through a partnership with The University of Virginia's Center for Advanced Study of Teaching and Learning (CASTL).

Beginning in 2020-2021 some VPI programs will participate in the first practice year of the state's new required Unified Measurement and Improvement System. The new unified system will use measures of teacher-child interactions and curriculum implementation to support improvement across all publicly-funded birth-to-five program.

ACCESS RANKINGS		
4-YEAR-OLDS	3-YEAR-OLDS	
31	None Served	

RESOURCE RANKINGS		
STATE SPENDING	ALL REPORTED SPENDING	
30	22	

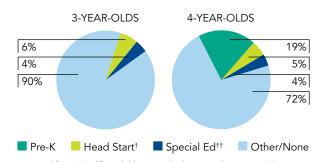


#### VIRGINIA PRESCHOOL INITIATIVE

# **ACCESS**

Total state pre-K enrollment
School districts that offer state program92% (school divisions)
Income requirement
Minimum hours of operation 3 hours/day; 5 days/week
Operating scheduleSchool or academic year
Special education enrollment, ages 3 and 4
Federally funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4 11,229
State-funded Head Start enrollment, ages 3 and 4 0

# PERCENT OF POPULATION ENROLLED IN PUBLIC ECE



 $^\dagger$  Some Head Start children may also be counted in state pre-K.  $^\dagger$  Estimates children in special education not also enrolled in state pre-K or Head Start.

### **QUALITY STANDARDS CHECKLIST**

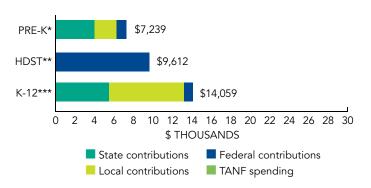
POLICY	VA PRE-K REQUIREMENT	BENCHMARK	REQUIREMENT MEETS BENCHMARK?
Early learning & development standards	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	Comprehensive, aligned, supported, culturally sensitive	
Curriculum supports	Approval process & supports	Approval process & supports	<b>✓</b>
Teacher degree	BA (public); HSD (nonpublic)	ВА	
Teacher specialized training	ECE, CD, or CDA	Specializing in pre-K	<b>~</b>
Assistant teacher degree	HSD (public); None (nonpublic)	CDA or equivalent	
Staff professional development	15 hours/year	For teachers & assistants: At least 15 hours/year; individual PD plans; coaching	
Maximum class size	18 (4-year-olds)	20 or lower	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Staff-child ratio	1:9 (4-year-olds)	1:10 or better	<b>✓</b>
Screening & referral	Vision, hearing, health & more; Referrals not required	Vision, hearing & health screenings; & referral	
Continuous quality improvement system	Structured classroom observations; Data used for program improvement	Structured classroom observations; data used for program improvement	$\checkmark$
For more information about the benchmarks, see the Executive Summary and Roadmap to State Profile Pages.			

# **RESOURCES**

Total state pre-K spending	\$75,748,685
Local match required?	Yes
State Head Start spending	\$0
State spending per child enrolled	\$3,954
All reported spending per child enrolled*	\$7,239

# Pre-K programs may receive additional funds from federal or local sources that are not included in this figure.

### SPENDING PER CHILD ENROLLED



<sup>\*\*</sup> Head Start per-child spending includes funding only for 3- and 4-year-olds.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> K-12 expenditures include capital spending as well as current operating expenditures.